Boskamp, Eddy B.

In the Claims

- 1. (Previously Presented) A wireless RF module for an MRI apparatus, the wireless RF coil module comprising:
 - an oscillator configured to generate a carrier signal;
- a modulator wired to the oscillator to modulate the carrier signal with an MR signal in an RF coil of the MRI apparatus;
 - a transmitter configured to transmit the modulated signal; and
- a receiver wirelessly connected to the transmitter and configured to receive the modulated signal for subsequent data processing and image reconstruction.
- 2. (Original) The module of claim 1 wherein the modulator is further configured to amplitude modulate the carrier signal.
- 3. (Original) The module of claim 1 wherein the carrier signal has a frequency between approximately 300 MHz to approximately 3 GHz.
- 4. (Original) The module of claim 1 wherein the receiver is located remotely from the MRI apparatus.
- 5. (Represented) The method of claim 1 wherein the receiver includes an electric dipole antenna.
- 6. (Original) The module of claim 1 wherein the transmitter is further configured to transmit the modulated signal out of a bore defined by a magnet assembly of the MRI apparatus.
- 7. (Previously Presented) A kit configured to retrofit an existing MRI apparatus to wirelessly transmit an MR signal from a receive coil of the MRI apparatus to a receiver configured to input the received MR signal to a data processor for processing and image reconstruction, the kit consisting of:
- a modulator configured to modulate a carrier signal with an MR signal in an RF coil of the MRI apparatus;
 - a transmitter configured to transmit the modulated signal; and

Boskamp, Eddy B.

a receiver wirelessly connected to the transmitter and configured to receive the modulated signal for subsequent data processing and image reconstruction.

8. (Previously Presented) An MRI apparatus comprising:

an MRI system having a number of gradient coils positioned about a bore of a magnet to impress a polarizing magnetic field;

an RF transceiver system; and

an RF coil assembly configured to wirelessly transmit an MR signal to the RF transceiver system, the RF coil assembly including an RF modulator configured to modulate a UHF carrier frequency with the MR signal.

9. (Cancelled)

- 10. (Previously Presented) The MRI apparatus of claim 8 wherein the RF modulator is further configured to amplitude modulate the UHF carrier frequency with the MR signal.
- 11. (Original) The MRI apparatus of claim 8 wherein the RF coil assembly further comprises a transmitter configured to wirelessly transmit the MR signal out of the bore of the magnet.
- 12. (Original) The MRI apparatus of claim 11 wherein the RF coil assembly further comprises a receiver wirelessly connected to the transmitter and configured to receive the modulated signal transmitted by the transmitter.
- 13. (Original) The MRI apparatus of claim 12 further comprising an electric dipole antenna attached to the receiver.
- 14. (Original) The MRI apparatus of claim 12 wherein the receiver is positioned at an end of the bore from the MRI system.
- 15. (Original) The MRI apparatus of claim 11 further comprising a rechargeable battery configured to provide power to the RF modulator and the transmitter.

Boskamp, Eddy B.

16. (Original) The MRI apparatus of claim 8 wherein the RF coil assembly further comprises a pre-amplifier, a local oscillator, and a 900 MHz transmitter.

17. (Currently Amended) An MRI system comprising:

means for positioning a subject to be scanned within a bore of a magnet assembly for MR data acquisition;

means for impressing a polarizing magnetic about the bore of the magnet;
means for exciting nuclei in the subject;
means for sensing signals resulting from the exciting nuclei in the subject;
means for wirelessly transmitting the signals with a UHF carrier frequency signal to a receiver means;

batteryless means for powering the means for wirelessly transmitting; and means for reconstructing at least one image of the subject from the signals received by the receiver means.

- 18. (Original) The MRI system of claim 17 wherein the receiver means includes means for wirelessly receiving the signals transmitted by the means for wirelessly transmitting.
- 19. (Represented) The MRI system of claim 17 further comprising means for acquiring power for components of the MRI system from a B field associated with an RF transmit pulse sequence from the means for exciting nuclei in the subject.
- 20. (Previously Presented) The MRI system of claim 17 further comprising means for rectifying induced voltage generated during excitation of nuclei in the subject.
- 21. (Currently Amended) The MRI system of claim 17 wherein the further comprising at least one battery-less and means powering includes means for acquiring power from at least a B field associated with an RF pulse sequence to recharge at least one battery.
- 22. (Original) The MRI system of claim 17 further comprising means for improving SNR.

Boskamp, Eddy B.

23. (Previously Presented) The kit of claim 7 wherein the modulator is further configured to amplitude modulate the carrier signal.

- 24. (Previously Presented) The kit of claim 7 wherein the carrier signal has a frequency between approximately 300 MHz to approximately 3 GHz.
- 25. (New) The kit of claim 7 wherein the receiver is located remotely from the MRI apparatus.
- 26. (Previously Presented) The kit of claim 7 wherein the receiver includes an electric dipole antenna.
- 27. (Previously Presented) The kit of claim 7 wherein the transmitter is further configured to transmit the modulated signal out of a bore defined by a magnet assembly of the MRI apparatus.
 - 28. (Previously Presented) An MRI apparatus comprising:

an MRI system having a number of gradient coils positioned about a bore of a magnet to impress a polarizing magnetic field;

an RF transceiver system wired to a modulator;

an RF coil assembly configured to wirelessly transmit an MR signal to the RF transceiver system, the RF coil assembly comprising:

the modulator configured to modulate a carrier signal;

- a transmitter configured to wirelessly transmit the carrier signal out of the bore of the magnet; and
- a receiver having an electric dipole antenna wirelessly connected to the transmitter to receive the carrier signal transmitted by the transmitter.